## Stockton Unified School District HICH SCHOOL SHA Home of the Vikings ESSENTIA WHAT IS IT WE EXPECT STUDENTS TO LEARN? Mark Bonfiglio ELA 2 **TEAM** GRADE: 10 SUBJECT: **SEMESTER** Julie Juarez Honors MFMBFRS: COMMON STANDARD DESCRIPTION **EXAMPLE RIGOR** PREREQUISITE SKILLS WHEN TAUGHT? EXTENSION STANDARDS ASSESSMENT WHAT IS THE ESSENTIAL WHAT PRIOR KNOWLEDGE. WHAT DOES PROFICIENT WHAT WILL WE DO WHEN STANDARD TO BE LEARNED? SKILLS, AND/OR WHAT ASSESSMENT(S) WILL BE WHEN WILL THIS STUDENT WORK LOOK LIKE? STUDENTS HAVE LEARNED VOCABULARY IS/ARE DESCRIBE IN **USED TO MEASURE STUDENT** STANDARD PROVIDE AN EXAMPLE THE ESSENTIAL STUDENT-FRIENDLY NEEDED FOR A STUDENT TO MASTERY? BE TAUGHT? AND/OR DESCRIPTION. STANDARD(S)? VOCABULARY. **MASTER THIS STANDARD?** -STUDENTS CAN MARK A **TEXT** WITH HEAVY EMPHASIS ON MARKING A TEXT PARAPHRASING CHARTING A TEXT WITH EMPHASIS ON RI 9.2 -STUDENTS CAN RHETORIC -CIRCLE KEY WORDS FULL PROCESS ESSAYs -DETERMINE A CENTRAL IDEA SUMMARIZE CHUNKS OF A -IDENTIFY A CLAIM -ANALYZE IT'S DEVELOPMENT TEXT AND EXPLAIN HOW THE WEEKLY ASSESSMENT OF AP RHETORICAL OCTOBER- NOVEMBER -AUTHOR CREDENTIALS SOCRATIC SEMINAR CAN BE USED AS -WRITE AN OBJECTIVE **AUTHOR IS CREATING** GLOSSARY OF TERMS - SUMMARY AN EXTENSION ACTIVITY SUMMARY MEANING. (DEFINITIONS ONLY) \*PHILOSOPHICAL CHAIRS CAN BE USED TO INTRODUCE TOPIC OR PROCESS READING RHETORIC PRÉCIS RI 10.6 STUDENTS CAN IDENTIFY DECEMBER- JANUARY RHETORICAL ANALYSIS ESSAY -DETERMINE AN AUTHOR'S RHETORIC IN A VARIOUS SPEECHES

Mission: Thomas Alva Edison High School will deliver challenging and meaningful instruction within programs that are designed to prepare all students for a variety of post-secondary opportunities.

ETHOS/PATHOS/LOGOS

[DETAILED RHETORIC]

AND EXPLAIN HOW IT

PURPOSE

ADVANCES THE AUTHOR'S

POINT OF VIEW

RHETORIC

-HOW AN AUTHOR USES

Vision: Thomas Alva Edison High School will be a locally and nationally renowned learning environment where students, staff, parents and community members collaborate to ensure that all students are college and career ready.

CONTEXT)

WEEKLY ASSESSMENT OF AP RHETORICAL

GLOSSARY OF TERMS (IDENTIFYING TERMS IN

APPLY IN FULL PROCESS

ESSAY WRITING.

USE TO PROCESS

IN RI9.2

INFORMATION GATHERED

SON HIS	Stockton	Unified School I	District	<u>,                                      </u>	<del>,                                      </del>
R.I. 10.1 - CITE TEXTUAL EVIDENCE	STUDENTS CAN INTRODUCE AN AUTHOR AND WORK, QUOTE IT AND THEN THEIR OWN SUPPORTS JUSTIFY ITS PURPOSE WITHIN THE TEXT.	-DEFINE TEXTUAL EVIDENCE -IN-TEXT CITATION -IVF TOPIC SENTENCE	THREE PARTSOURCE INTEGRATION TEMPLATE  BFF AND PPP'S *HEAVY EMPHASIS WILL BE PLACED ON PARAPHRASING	Vikings LOOP	GO BACK TO FULL PROCESS ESSATAND INTEGRATE TEXTUAL EVIDENCE. *HONORS STUDENTS SHOULD INTEGRATE TWO PIECES OF EVIDENCE IN EACH PARAGRAPH FROM MULTIPLE SOURCES.
					On demand essays - ARGUMENTATIVE SYNTHESIS ESSAY
RI.10.9 ANALYZE SEMINAL U.S. DOCUMENTS OF HISTORICAL AND LITERARY SIGNIFICANCE INCLUDING HOW THEY ADDRESS RELATED THEMES AND CONCEPTS.	STUDENTS WILL ANALYZE USING SKILLS FROM RI 9.2 AND RI 10.6	KNOW HOW TO ANALYZE A TEXT USING MARKING AND CHARTING. RECOGNIZE RHETORICAL DEVICES (BEYOND SURFACE LEVEL: ETHOS, PATHOS, LOGOS) LEARN SOAPSTONE	WRITING OR VERBAL (EXAMPLE: PROPAGANDA SPEECH)	LOOP: USE TO DRIVE CONTENT AND NOT JUST FOCUS ON CURRENT ARTICLES, BUT INCLUDE RANGE OF HISTORICAL TEXTS. *HONORS SHOULD LOOK AT 10 <sup>TH</sup> GRADE STANDARDS FOR CONTENT.	SYNTHESIZE BETWEEN DIFFERENT TEXTS, IN DIFFERENT MEDIUMS.

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DELINEATE THE ARGUM	DENTS CAN COMPLETE THIS WHEN EVALUATING USE TO BHETORICAL DEVICES	ETHOS, LOGOS, PATHOS	Home of the STUDENTS ASSESS EXCERPTS OF TEXT THAT CONTAIN RANGE OF ARGUMENTS.	Vikings WHEN EVALUATING TEXTS.	HAVE STUDENTS RE-WRITE ARGUMENT TO MAKE CREDIBLE.
W.10.4 PRODUCE CLEAR AND COHERENT WRITING IN WHICH THE DEVELOPMENT, ORGANIZATION, AND STYLE ARE APPROPRIATE TO TASK, PURPOSE, AND AUDIENCE.	A WRITING PROMPT AND	INFORMAL AND FORMAL WRITING (CODE SWITCHING).	-RAFTS -INFORMAL/KEY STAR OUTLINE  EXPOSE STUDENTS TO COMPLEX PROMPTS FROM SATS, AP LANG AND SBAC	ITIME INTRODUCED TO	USE TO CREATE FULL PROCESS WRITING
W.10.2 WRITE INFORMATIVE, EXPLANATORY TEXTS TO EXAMINE AND CONVEY COMPLEX IDEAS, CONCEPTS, AND INFORMATION CLEARLY AND ACCURATELY THROUGH THE EFFECTIVE SELECTION, ORGANIZATION, AND ANALYSIS OF CONTENT.	AUDRESSING THE TASK,	RAFTS INFORMAL OUTLINE. THREE PART SOURCE INTEGRATION/PPPP's	FULL PROCESS ESSAY	HOW TO EVALUATE	SYNTHESIS ESSAY USING OTHER RESOURCES. On DEMAND ESSAYS
W.9-10.1 WRITE ARGUMENTS TO SUPPORT CLAIMS IN AN ANALYSIS OF SUBSTANTIVE TOPICS OR TEXTS, USING VALID REASONING AND RELEVANT AND SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE.	CONTAINS TEXTUAL EVIDENCE,	DEFINE COUNTERCLAIM DEFINE REFUTATION THREE PART SOURCE INTEGRATION INFORMAL OUTLINE RAFTS	Argument ESSAY	INFORMATIONAL TEXTS	FULL PROCESS WRITING USE MULTIPLE SOURCES, TURN INTO A SYNTHESIS ESSAY.
RL.9-10.2 DETERMINE A THEME OR CENTRAL IDEA OF A TEXT	Mark a text (short stories)	The students should be able to define and explain a theme.	Theme graphic organizer which requires students to determine the theme of a text, support their theme with textual	Mid August- Mid September	Compose a Literary Analysis essay.

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AND ANALY DEVELOPM COURSE OF INCLUDING HOW IT EMERGES AND IS SHAPED AND REFINED BY SPECIFIC DETAILS; PROVIDE AN OBJECTIVE SUMMARY OF THE TEXT.	Fircle key words related to		evidence, and analyze the evidence in relation to the theme.	OOL Vikings	Analyze literary elements in poetry using song lyrics.
RL.9-10.1 CITE STRONG AND THOROUGH TEXTUAL EVIDENCE TO SUPPORT ANALYSIS OF WHAT THE TEXT SAYS EXPLICITLY AS WELL AS INFERENCES DRAWN FROM THE TEXT.	STUDENTS CAN INTRODUCE AN AUTHOR AND WORK, QUOTE IT AND THEN THEIR OWN SUPPORTS JUSTIFY ITS PURPOSE WITHIN THE TEXT.	-DEFINE TEXTUAL EVIDENCE -IN-TEXT CITATION -IVF TOPIC SENTENCE	THREE PART SOURCE INTEGRATION TEMPLATE HEAVY EMPHASIS WILL BE PLACED ON PARAPHRASING	LOOP	GO BACK TO FULL PROCESS ESSAY AND INTEGRATE TEXTUAL EVIDENCE. *HONORS STUDENTS WILL INTEGRATE TWO PIECES OF EVIDENCE IN EACH PARAGRAPH FROM MULTIPLE SOURCES.
RL.9-10.4 DETERMINE THE MEANING OF WORDS AND PHRASES AS THEY ARE USED IN THE TEXT, INCLUDING FIGURATIVE AND CONNOTATIVE MEANINGS; ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE IMPACT OF SPECIFIC WORD CHOICES ON MEANING AND TONE (E.G., HOW THE LANGUAGE EVOKES A SENSE OF TIME AND PLACE; HOW IT SETS A FORMAL OR INFORMAL TONE).	Revise, and publish an original short story.  nalytical presentation on a key element of the craft and structure of the novel studied.	elements of plot and basic literary terms.	Performance Task 1: compose a short story using SBAC Narrative Rubric Performance Task: Presentation using SBAC Informative Rubric	SEPTEMBER – OCTOBER  LOOP EACH TIME THEY READ LITERATURE/OR TEXT THAT CONTAINS CONVENTIONS.	AGAIN, REFER BACK TO 10.6 AND 10.9  Compose a short story using unconventional narrative techniques (stream-of-consciousness.unrelia ble narrator, etc.) Also, practice using various points-of-View.
GO THROUGH ALL THE WRITING STANDARDS AGAIN AFTER COMPLETING R.L. STANDARDS					
W.9-10.8 GATHER RELEVANT INFORMATION FROM MULTIPLE AUTHORITATIVE PRINT AND DIGITAL	PROVIDE TOPIC AND RESOURCES AND ALLOW STUDENTS TO USE INFORMAL OUTLINE TO ORGANIZE	TO EVALUATE VISUAL	INFORMAL OUTLINE OF ESSAY TO ASSESS USE OF TEXTUAL EVIDENCE FROM MULTIPLE SOURCES.	CAN BE DONE AT END OF SCHOOL YEAR ONCE ALL OTHER STANDARDS HAVE BEEN ADDRESSED.	FULL PROCESS WRITING

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SOURCES. AUSEFULNE SOURCE IN A	<sup>‡</sup> ) EDI	SON HIGH SCHOOL  INFORMAL OUTLINE  Home of the Vikings	SUSD
RESEARCH QUESTION, INTEGRATE INFORMATION INTO THE TEXT SELECTIVELY TO MAINTAIN THE FLOW OF IDEAS, AVOIDING PLAGIARISM AND FOLLOWING A STANDARD FORMAT FOR CITATION.	INFORMATION FROM MULTIPLE SOURCES.	RAFTS THREE PART SOURCE INTEGRATION PPPP's	